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黑龙江大学 2014 年硕士研究生入学考试试题签

学科、专业:

考试科目: 英语二

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ENTRANCE TEST OF ENGLISH FOR MA CANDIDATES (12)

题号	I 40 分	II 15 分	III 10 分	IV 20 分	V 15 分	总分	评卷人
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Part I Reading Comprehension (40 points, 2 points each)

Directions : In this part there are four passages followed by questions, each with four suggested answers. Choose the one you think is the best answer.

Passage 1

Flood is a phenomenon where a tremendous amount of water, much more than usual, rushes down a river all at once and causes a disaster. Natural phenomena such as typhoons or local downpours are the most common causes of floods. When it rains heavily all at once, a large amount of water gathers in rivers, as all the water cannot soak into the ground. A lot of water flows into the Kitakami River from its branches and all this water gathers in the lower reaches. The width of the Kitakami River is very narrow at the lower reaches of Kozenji in Ichinoseki. Some parts are only 100m wide, so that all the water cannot flow down the river and this contributes to flooding.

56. Large floods are often given designations as a "100-year flood" but a "100-year flood" does not mean that such a flood occurs once every 100 years; instead it means that there is a one in one hundred (or 1 %) chance of such a flood occurring in a given year. Two "100-year floods" could occur a year apart or even a month apart — it all depends on how much rain is falling or how quickly the snow melts. A "20-year flood" has a one in twenty (or 5 %) chance of occurring in a particular year so it would be a less destructive flood than a "100-year flood" while a "500-year flood" has a one in 500 (0.2%) chance of occurring so it would be much more catastrophic than a "100-year flood".

Flood forecasting deals with the prediction of the temporal variation of water levels and discharges in rivers, floodplains and channel networks. The prediction may be based on measurements or predictions of the rainfall in the watershed. Major decisions affecting the lives and livelihood of millions of people may be made on the basis of the flood forecasts. There are many different flood forecasting systems available ranging from simple regression type models to complex and dynamic hydrological and hydraulic numerical models.

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1. The word "downpours" in the first paragraph probably means _____.
 - A) the pouring down of water into the rivers by people
 - B) the heavy rains all at once
 - C) the rains accumulated for a long time
 - D) the heavy showers now and then
2. Which of the following contributes to flooding?
 - A) When there are typhoons or continual showers at a local place.
 - B) When there is large amount of water accumulating in one place.
 - C) When a lot of water accumulated in one narrow river.
 - D) When water gathered in one narrow river yet cannot flow down from it.
3. Which is the most destructive among the following kinds of floods?
 - A) A 100-year flood.
 - B) Two 100-year floods
 - C) A 500-year flood.
 - D) A 20-year flood.
4. What is the main idea of this paragraph?
 - A) The prediction and the prevention of the flood.
 - B) The definitions of the flood and its forecast.
 - C) The causes of the flood and its forecast.
 - D) Factors causing the flood and its forecast.
5. The passage following this one will talk about _____.
 - A) various causes leading to a flood
 - B) different kinds of forecasting systems
 - C) the analysis and researches on floods
 - D) the predication and forecasting of the floods

Passage 2

Welcome to John's Cloning Page. Before you begin to dig deeper into my site, I would like to offer some basic information about the site—the subjects it covers, and the field of cloning itself.

Cloning in the most basic sense is the production of an organism that is identical to another. In the cloning process, a scientist takes the genetic information of an organism and inserts it into an unfertilized egg cell from a member of the same species. The egg then begins to develop, functioning under the direction of its newly acquired genetic code, and eventually a genetically identical organism is created.

Beyond the scientific benefits of cloning there are the moral and ethical questions that have developed with the realization of the power cloning will bestow upon mankind. Those against cloning believe that it interferes with the natural process of reproduction, and fear the possible societal abuses of the technology. For those supporting it, cloning offers a chance to gain insight into heredity, cell development, and genetic traits that far outweighs any negative social consequences. These views, and the debate between them can be found in greater detail in the Ethics Section.

My site is divided into areas that not only contain these ethical concerns, but historical and scientific facts as well. The History Section contains the history of cloning from 1962 to the present. The Techniques Section contains technical explanations of cloning and animations of various techniques. 57. In addition to the topics mentioned above, the Future Section contains information on the possible future uses of cloning.

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The Ethics Section contains views of both sides of the cloning debate. The Opinions Section features a poll and a discussion area. These sections, and the web site as a whole, are designed to educate and enlighten the public about all aspects of the powerful technology that is currently being developed. I hope you will find this web site a valuable resource.

6. What is the passage mainly about?

A)It's an introduction to John's Cloning Page.

B)It's about the history of cloning.

C)It's a definition of what cloning is.

D)It's about how to design a website for cloning.

7. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage?

A)Reproduction of a genetically identical organism is called cloning of the organism.

B)An egg cell cannot develop into a new organism without cloning.

C)With the genetic information of an organism in it an egg can develop into a new organism.

D)A genetically identical organism comes from the egg with the same genetic code.

8. Which of the following is true about those in favour of cloning?

A) They think the cloning technology will not be abused in society.

B)They agree that cloning has some negative social consequences.

C)They don't think there are any moral questions about the technology.

D)They insist that cloning agree with the natural process of production.

9.How many areas is John's Cloning Page divided into?

A)Three.

B)Four.

C)Five.

D)Six.

10. Why does John design such a cloning page?

A)Because he is an expert in the field of cloning technology.

B)Because he thinks he has a valuable resource of cloning technology.

C)Because he doesn't know how to settle the debate over cloning.

D)Because he wants to educate and enlighten the public about cloning.

Passage 3

58.Marriage is still a popular institution in the United States, but divorce is becoming almost as "popular". Most American people get married, but at the present time, fifty percent of American marriages end up in divorce. However, four out of five divorced people do not stay single. They get married a second time to new partners. Sociologists tell us that in the next century, most American people will marry three or four times in one lifetime. Alvin Toffler, an American sociologist, calls this new social form serial marriage. In his book *Future Shock*, Toffler gives many reasons for this change in American marriage. In modern society, people's lives don't stay the same for very long. Americans frequently change their jobs, their homes and their circles of friends. So (the person who was a good husband or wife ten years ago is sometimes not as good ten years later. After some years of marriage, a husband or wife can feel that their lives have become very different, and they don't share the same interests any more. For this reason Toffler says, people in the twenty-first century will not plan to marry only one person for an entire lifetime.

59.They will plan to stay married to one person for perhaps five or ten years, and then marry another. Most Americans will expect to have a "marriage career" that includes three or four marriages.

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11. The word "institution" in Line 1 most probably means ____
A) a social practice B) a social organization C) a state law D) an established habit
12. In the United States _____.
A) marriage is less popular than divorce now
B) remaining single is becoming more and more popular now
C) divorce is as popular as it was
D) remarriage is getting more popular now
13. The percentage of remarriage among divorced Americans is _____.
A) fifty percent B) eighty percent C) forty percent D) ninety percent
14. One of the reasons for the change in American marriages is _____.
A) different in interests B) different in making friends
C) different in choosing jobs D) different in family background
15. In the twenty-first century, American's attitude towards remarried people will be _____.
A) suspicion B) critical C) fussy D) approving

Passage 4

Today I have seen a new land on fire rising from the sea—a new creation making its mark on the map of the world.

It has been clear and fine in the south of Iceland and this was an unforgettable sight as the steam clouds from the submarine volcano close to the Westman Islands rose to 25,000 feet.

The new island is now 1,500 feet long and 130 feet above sea level where the depth is 60 fathoms.
60. It is rising still and today it has been observed from ships and aircraft.

The south of Iceland, where the capital, Reykjavik, is situated, is always liable to earthquakes and eruptions. Today, from the coast about 50 miles from Reykjavik, I watched the column of steam, black then white, ever changing and rising. It reminded me of the column from an atomic bomb, though certainly more beautiful and much wilder. At the top the rays of the setting sun may be seen like a crown to the newborn island.

Thousands of people in cars, eager to see this wonder of Nature, are leaving the city of Reykjavik for the coast.

Many people said Iceland was getting much larger and they could not conceal their patriotic pride. Others said this would mean an increase in Iceland's territorial waters. The new island would now become the southerly part of Iceland.

On the Westman Islands everyone has been out watching it. Hardly any work is done. All are spellbound.

The Westman Islanders welcome their new neighbour. They hope the eruption will not touch their own town, carrying ash and lava, but they are optimistic. The children have been given a holiday from school to see a sight that will remain in their memories until they are old.

Scientists are also busy. Some think the island will disappear again. A coastguard has got to within 500 yards of the eruption. Observers aboard said that the island was made of pumice and lava. As it rises and the craters get above sea level, the eruption gets more like a landborne volcano.

Icelanders have already begun thinking about its name. Some want to name it after Olafur Thors, who

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handed in his resignation as Prime Minister on the day the eruption

Others want to name it after Saint Brandan, an Irish monk who was the first to see the ocean burning near Iceland in the fifth century, 300 years before the advent of the Vikings.

Icelandic and foreign ships have been warned not to approach too near this latest eruption as unexpected flood-waves might rise, and rock formations might endanger ships.

Many fishermen will want to know if the eruption will influence the fishing as this is the chief spawning place south of Iceland. Time will show if it will harm the fishing industries of the Westman Islands or not, where hundreds of fishing boats are stationed. Trawlers of many foreign nations also fish these areas—among them are the British.

16. Iceland's newborn island ____.

- A) is the only island in the south of Iceland
- B) is one of the two islands in this area
- C) has arisen near the Westman Islands
- D) is 25,000 feet above sea level

17. According to the passage, Reykjavik ____.

- A) often experiences earthquakes and eruptions
- B) is not likely to experience earthquakes and eruptions
- C) is the capital of Iceland
- D) both A) and C)

18. The new island interests ____.

- A) scientists
- B) children
- C) fishermen
- D) all of the above

19. The Westman Islanders' reaction is best described as ____.

- A) fascination
- B) dread
- C) pride
- D) vanity

20. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A) The newborn island might vanish some day.
- B) The Westman Islanders hate and fear of the new creation.
- C) The new island results in the resignation of Iceland's Prime Minister.
- D) Settlement of the island has begun.

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Part II Vocabulary and Structure (15points, 1 point each)

Directions: Each of the following sentences is provided with four choices.

Choose the one that best completes the sentences or that best explains the underlined part.

21. The newly-built residential area can ____ three hundred households.

- A) accommodate
- B) accomplish
- C) accelerate
- D) accumulate

22. If anything unexpected happens, you should ____ a doctor as soon as possible,

- A) call off
- B) call in
- C) call out
- D) call at

23. The judge ____ all the charges against Smith on the ground of insufficient evidence.

- A) prevented
- B) stopped
- C) dismissed
- D) opposed

24. In his ____ time, Dr. Stockton reads all the books that he can lay his hands on.

- A) light
- B) casual
- C) leisure
- D) easy

25. He lives in a world of ____ where he believes everyone envies him.

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- A)fantasy B)fashion C)fallacy D)fame
26. It is such a _____ day that he can hardly do anything right.
A)cheerful B)hopeful C)greedy D)gloomy
27. He used to hold an extremely _____ attitude towards the blacks.
A)close B)hostile C)distant D) psychological
- 28.I have an _____ that his mother knows the truth.
A) intuition B) institution C) invention D) inspiration
29. A book or a play that is _____ has been made shorter by removing some parts of it.
A)abridged B)absorbed C)cut D)summed
30. They finally brought the price _____ to a reasonable figure.
A)on B)down C)out D)about
31. A) All these fees _____ to a total of \$5,000.
A) add B)account C) attach D) amount
32. If you _____ a door or a barrier, you hit it so hard that it falls to the ground.
A)break up B)break of C)break down D)break out
33. He was arrested and _____ with a variety of offences.
A) clenched B) charged C)sentenced D) confirmed
- 34.They had to decide whether they should _____ some classes.
A)call off B)call on C)call up D)call in
- 35.Most of the motorway network in that region is in _____ need of repair.
A)mere B)tense C)urgent D)rare

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Part III Cloze (10 points, 0.5 point each)

Directions: Each blank in the following passage is provided with four possible choices. Read the whole passage and choose the best answer for each blank.

As researchers learn more about how children's intelligence develops, they are increasingly surprised by the power of parents. The power of the school has been 36 by the home. To begin with, all the factors which are 37 of intelligence—curiosity, and the children's understanding of language learning patterns—are 38 well before the child enters 39 at the age of six. Study 40 it has shown that even after school 41 children's achievements have been far more influenced by 42 than by teachers. This is particularly 43 about learning what language is related. The school 44 than the home is given 45 for variations in achievement in 46 such as science. 47 view of their power, it's 48 to see so many parents not making the most 49 their children's intelligence. 50 recently parents had been intimidated 51 educators who asked them 52 to educate their children. Many teachers now 53 that children cannot be educated 54 at school and parents are being asked to contribute 55 before and after the child enters school.

36. A) produced B) replaced C) taken D) made
37. A) some B) ones C) part D) those
38. A) established B) made C) increased D) replaced
39. A) society B) home C) study D) school

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|---------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| 40. A)after | B)by | C)in | D)with |
| 41. A) life | B) study | C)opens | D)begins |
| 42. A) intelligence | B)school | C) society | D)parents |
| 43. A>true | B)wrong | C)important | D)correct |
| 44. A) more | B)less | C)better | D)rather |
| 45. A)help | B) courage | C)credit | D)trust |
| 46. A)items | B)matters | C)subjects | D)lessons |
| 47. A)At | B)In | C)With | D)On |
| 48. A)glad | B)easy | C)sad | D)difficult |
| 49. A) for | B)in | C)with | D)of |
| 50. A)Until | B)When | C)Up | D)Before |
| 51. A)from | B)for | C)with | D)by |
| 52. A) only | B)why | C)not | D)by |
| 53. A) recognize | B) realize | C)hope | D)show |
| 54. A) only | B)but | C)even | D)when |
| 55. A) neither | B) either | C)both | D)all |

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Part IV Translation (20points , 2 point each)

Section A. Translation from English to Chinese

Directions: Read the following sentences carefully and then translate into Chinese

56. Large floods are often given designations as a "100-year flood" but a "100-year flood" does not mean that such a flood occurs once every 100 years.
57. In addition to the topics mentioned above, the Future Section contains information on the possible future uses of cloning.
58. Marriage is still a popular institution in the United States, but divorce is becoming almost as "popular".
59. They will plan to stay married to one person for perhaps five or ten years, and then marry another.
60. It is rising still and today it has been observed from ships and aircraft.

Section B. Translation from Chinese to English

Directions: Translate the following sentences into English.

61. 我想我不能操作这台机器。
62. 政府将等待一两个月后再做出下一步行动。
63. 他因为不懂语言，不知道怎样问路。
64. 我在头三年里下颚了四本书，打破了以往的记录。
65. 像别的许多城市居民一样，没有机器，他会感到难以生活。

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Part V Writing (15points)

Directions: For this part , you are required to write a short passage about Practice Makes Perfect . You should write at least 120 words according to the outline given below in Chinese.

1. 怎样理解 “熟能生巧”
2. 例如：在英语学习中...
3. 又如...